



INSURE

Strategic management methods for
contaminated sites

- Frida Nilson
- EH&S Delivery Leader
- Trinseo Sverige AB

- Trinseo is a global chemicals company
- More than 2,200 employees, based in 24 countries
- 60 manufacturing plants around the world
- Part of Dow Chemical until 2010
- Leader in our key products: plastics, latex binders and synthetic rubber



Performance Materials Division

Basic Plastics and Feedstocks Division

Businesses and Key Products

Latex

Styrene Butadiene (SB) Latex
Styrene Acrylate (SA) Latex

Rubber

Solution Styrene Butadiene Rubber (SSBR)
Lithium Polybutadiene Rubber (Li-PBR)
Emulsion Styrene Butadiene Rubber (ESBR)
Nickel Polybutadiene Rubber (Ni-PBR)

Performance Plastics

Consumer Essential Markets
Automotive Plastics

Polystyrene (PS)
Acrylonitrile Butadiene Styrene (ABS)
Styrene Acrylonitrile (SAN)
Polycarbonate (PC)
Feedstocks

Brands

LOMAX™	MaxCoat™	ProForte™	EMERGE™
FOUNDATIONS™	MaxFoS™	EVEREST™	INSPIRE™
HPL™	MaxForte™	ProWeb	VELVEX™
ENVERSA™			CELEX™
SPRINTAN™			PULSE™

CALIBRE™	MAGNUM™
STYRON™	STYRON A-TECH™
TYRIL™	STYRON™ C-TECH

End Uses



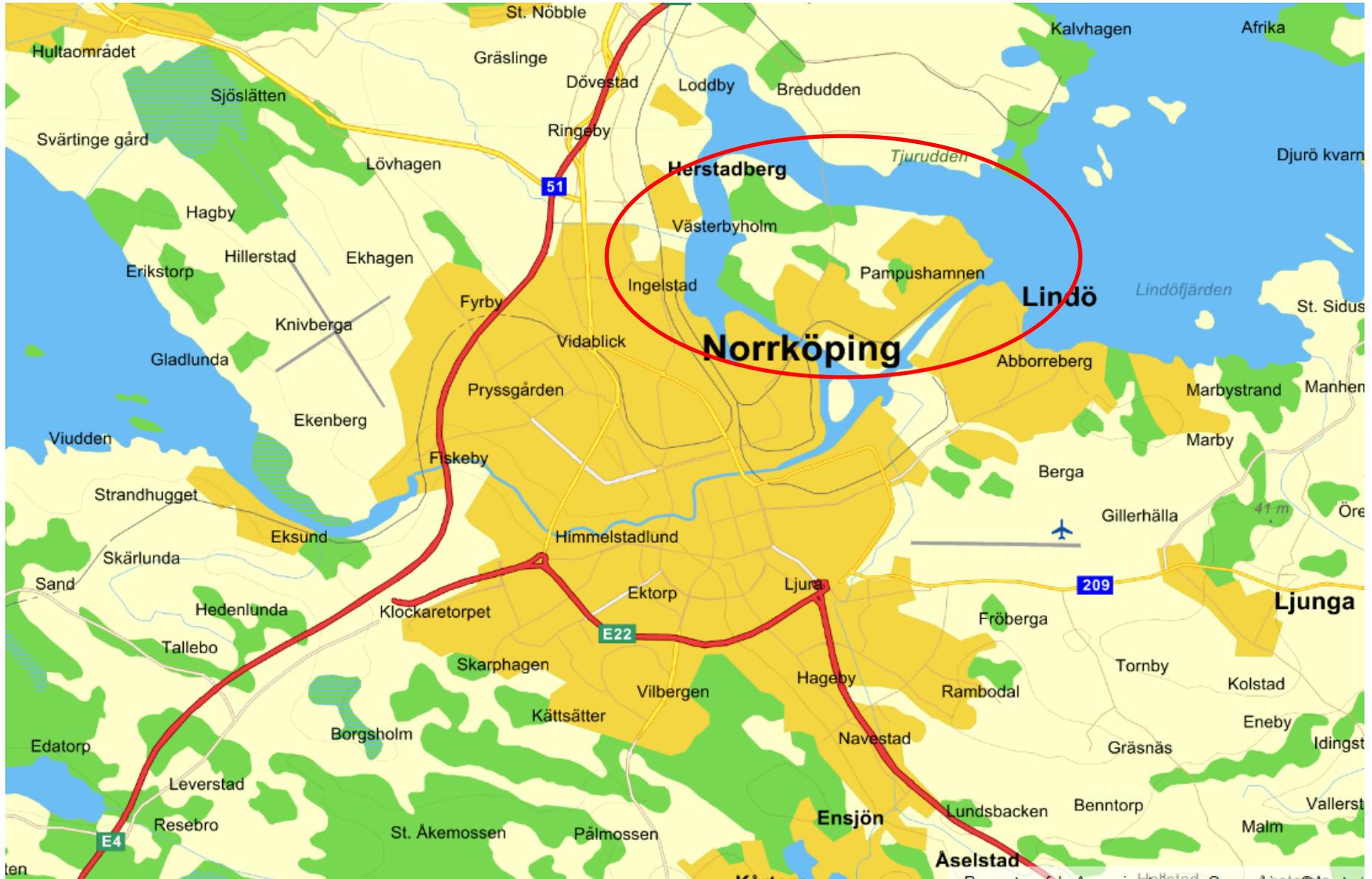
Global Manufacturing Locations

Trinseo delivers an unmatched combination of global reach, operational excellence, expertise, leading intellectual property, world-scale assets, and global R&D presence.



- Site established in 1974
- Two Production Plants – Latex (Trinseo) and Styrofoam® (Ravago)
- Number of employees – 32 Trinseo (23 Ravago, 2-5 Contractors)
- Storage of major raw materials
 - Styrene, Butadiene, Acrylonitrile, Acrylate
- Plant closed to the environment
 - Recycling of water
 - Incineration of process oil, vent gases (bi-products)
- Steam production

Location Norrköping



Norrköping site

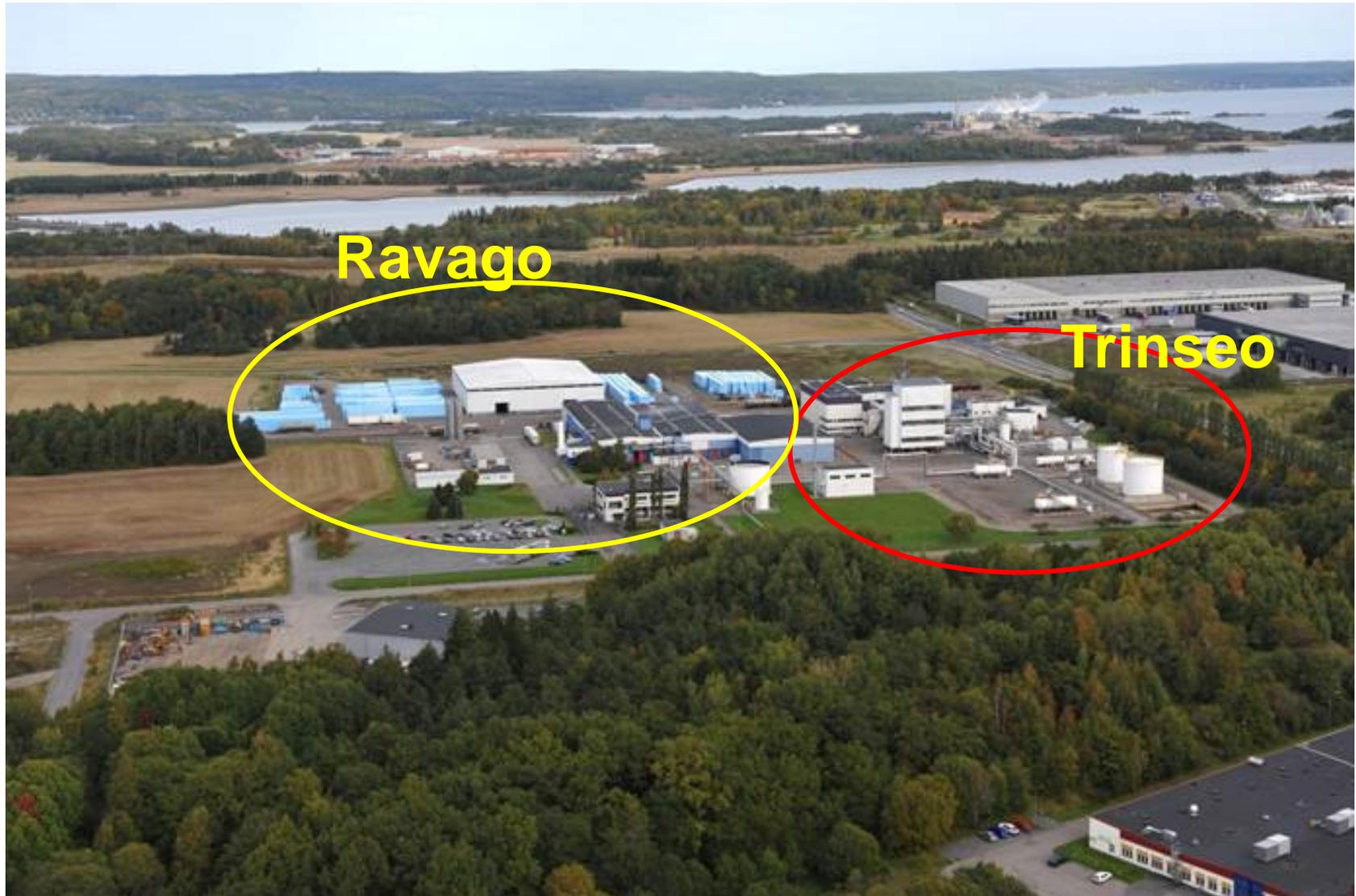


Norrköping site



Natura 2000

Nature reserve

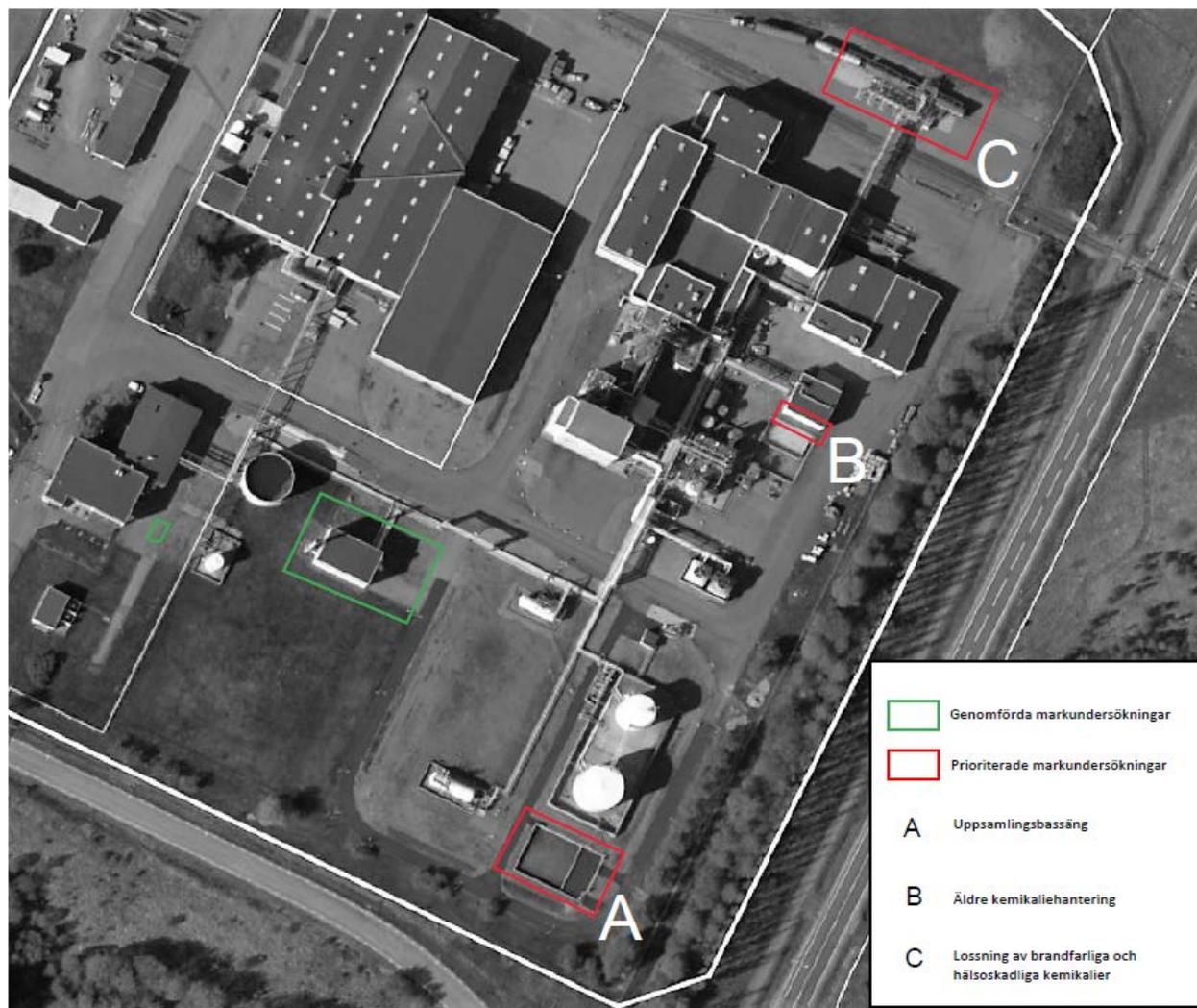




Styrene unloading line

- Hazardous chemicals used over the years:
 - - carbon tetra chloride (CTC)
 - sodium hypochlorite
 - hydroxy ethylacrylate (HEA)
 - acryl amide
 - fire fighting foam containing perfluorinated substances (PFAS)
 - formalin (formaldehyde in water)
 - acrylonitrile
 - styrene
 - butyl acrylate
- Contaminations with following remediation:
 - - 1975; overfilling of styrene storage tanks
 - 1983; latex underground pipe damaged during construction work
 - 2005; unloading station for fuel oil, insufficient embankment

1. Document current information regarding hazardous chemicals.
2. Assessment regarding risk of contamination.
3. Determine which chemicals are relevant, based on step 2)
4. Collect historical data from completed inventory of contaminations.
5. Description of the area and surroundings.
6. Determine if all gathered information is sufficient to describe the status of the site regarding contaminations.
7. Perform sample analysis if needed depending on outcome in step 6)
8. Create a remediation plan for the areas on site where needed, methods to be discussed with Länsstyrelsen.



- Contaminated soil and groundwater added to self-monitoring program
- Reporting yearly to Swedish authorities in environmental report, completed and coming activities

Thank you

